

You may know someone who has a job where he or she works long hours for little or no pay. You may have heard that his or her "boss" keeps promising to pay or to give your friend more money, but never does. When your friend tries to quit or tell someone what is happening, the "boss" threatens to hurt him or her, and/or his or

Or, maybe you know someone in foster care or who lived at home but has "run away" and is staying with an adult "boy/girlfriend" who is older, or maybe they were abducted. You may have heard that this "boy/girlfriend" makes your friend sleep with his or her friends or other people to pay rent or to make money.

Did you know that the scenarios above are some examples of situations that may be human trafficking? Did you know that human trafficking is illegal?

This brochure is designed to help you learn more about the topic of human trafficking, and about valuable information to help protect you and your friends from this crime.

## What Can I Do To Promote **Awareness About Human** Trafficking?

If youth are interested, there are many ways to get involved. In any social movement, the most important "stakeholders" are the population that is directly affected— in this case, YOU and your friends! If you would like to take a stand against human trafficking, here are a few ideas to get you started:

- read a book written by a former victim of human trafficking;
- host a human trafficking movie night with your friends;

- use social media to promote awareness of
- speak with your caseworker, friends, family, and community about human trafficking and if they don't know what it is, educate
- talk to other kids in foster care or at a shelter about it and let them know how to get help;
- contact your local legislator and tell them your stance on human trafficking; or
- challenge your friends and the media when they glorify "pimp culture," or other themes that condone human trafficking.





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making it impossible for you to leave or get passport or other form of identification, maybe the boss threatens to take away your the job. Or, if you are from another country, to hurt you, so you are scared and stay at the boss means, but it sounds like a threat somewhere else." You are not sure what she threatens "to make it so you can't work you are going to look for another job, he or het, and when you tell the boss you think is coming, but you haven't seen any money The boss keeps telling you your paycheck crazy hours, almost every day of the week. than you thought, and they make you work and rent. The Job ends up being a lot harder need money to pay for things like clothes

> good job and you that seemed like a offered you work pe you. Someone situation or it could sint ni enoemos have heard about You may also

satety, or immigration status. the person with respect to his/her health, perform an act that is intended to harm person to hatred, contempt or ridicule, or deported, expose a secret to subject the the person of a crime or cause them to be death, cause damage to property, accuse that the trafficker will cause physical injury/ engage in a labor activity by instilling fear or engaging in a plan to have the person performed to repay a debt, or using force not limited to, requiring that labor be In addition, this can include, but is be part of a plan of labor trafficking. identification, or forcing him or her to destroying or confiscating his or her threatening him or her withholding, impairing his or her judgment with drugs, harbors or transports a person by endage in Jabor, or recruits, entices, compels or induces another person to 7. Labor Trafficking occurs when a person



# SEX TRAFFICKING

What choice do you have? make it easier, so you do it. some alcohol and pills to streets. He or she gives you you don't feel safe on the nowhere else to go and are desperate, you have don't want to do it, but you make your contribution. You

with some people he or she knows to spe tells you that you have to sleep there and you owe him or her. He or with the rent, after all you are staying you to "do your part" and help out to change, he or she started expecting tood for you to eat. Then things started pediuning. He or she even provides or her and everything is great in the berson who says you can stay with him lost your Job). You meet up with this make your rent anymore because you you ran away or maybe you couldn't yourselt without a place to stay (maybe right now. This could be you. You find

Linis could be someone you know



sex trafficking" (DMST). a child" (CSEC) or "domestic minor "commercial sexual exploitation of refer to sex trafficking as Note: You may also hear people

health, safety, or immigration status the person with respect to his/her an act that is intended to harm confempt or ridicule, or perform to subject the person to hatred, to be deported, expose a secret person of a crime or cause them damage to property, accuse the cause physical injury/death, cause the person that the trafficker will prostitution by instilling fear in to have the person engage in nsing force or engaging in a plan

performed to repay a debt, or requiring that prostitution be passport or immigration document), identification documents (like a prostitution, withholding government to induce the person to engage in Judgment, making false statements certain drugs to impair a person's but is not limited to, providing berson's Judgment. This can include, or through impairment of the engage in sexual acts for money, or threatening another person to person profits by inducing, forcing 1. Sex Trafficking happens when a

1. sex trafficking; and 2. labor trafficking.

defines two types of human trafficking: The New York State Anti-Trafficking Law convicted of human trafficking offenses. victims and seriously punish those who are and tederal laws are designed to protect Human trafficking is a serious crime. State probably happening in your community. the U.S., as well as other countries, and is is simply not true. Trafficking happens in countries and not the United States. This trafficking is that it only happens in other day slavery. One myth about human Human trafficking is a form of modern-

What is Human Trafficking?

#### Are You or Someone You Know at Risk of **Being Trafficked?**

Anyone can be a victim of human trafficking. It doesn't matter what your age, job, income, nationality, education level, sexuality, or gender is. Traffickers often prey on those who are hoping for a better life, lack employment opportunities, have an unstable home life, or are seeking a new or exciting opportunity.

Traffickers target people who are vulnerable. Those who are at a higher-risk are those who:

- Have histories of being abused (physical, sexual, emotional) or abusing substances;
- Are in foster care or in the juvenile justice system;
- Are a runaway, or homeless;
- Have limited education or disabilities:
- Are Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual, Transgender or Questioning (LGBTQ); or
- Are refugees, immigrants, and/or non-English speaking.

Sex traffickers frequently target runaways or homeless youth because these youth often need food, clothing, shelter, and money. You or someone you know could be at higher risk of being trafficked if you run away from home or are absent without consent/AWOL from your current placement.

### What are some signs to look for if I think someone is a victim of human trafficking?

A victim of human trafficking may:

- have excessive amounts of cash;
- frequently have hotel keys;
- run away a lot or is homeless;
- lie about their age and/or carry a
- engage in prostitution or receive money or things of value to engage in sex acts;
- mention a pimp; or refer to an employer using a slang term like "Daddy;"
- have tattoos with a pimp's name;
- be physically exhausted from working long hours, but has no money to show for it;
- always be doing "chores" for someone (taking care of children,

- tending to elderly family members, and/or
- be isolated from friends and family and only spend time with a person who seems to be controlling them, including telling them who they can talk to, where they can go, and what they can do.

It is important to know that these are just some possible signs of human trafficking or sexual exploitation. Many victims don't know they are a victim or may refuse to identify themselves as a victim of human trafficking. They may not trust anyone other than the trafficker out of fear of being hurt or deported (if they are not a citizen). Human trafficking may sometimes appear to be something else, like domestic violence, substance abuse, sexual abuse, or medical or mental health issues. Also, sometimes a trafficking situation may appear to be one where the victim is choosing to be involved in prostitution, when the reality may be that a trafficker is prostituting that person by forcing, threatening or manipulating the victim to perform sex acts and prostitution. Even if the victim initially was willing to be a prostitute or received money in exchange, he or she may become a victim when another person starts trafficking them or making them remain "in the life" when they want to get out.

#### **Who Are Traffickers?**

Traffickers can really be anyone you come into contact with. They may be a stranger or they could be someone you are in an intimate relationship with; a family member; someone you work for; a gang or gang member; a pimp; or any other person involved in committing crimes.

Sometimes traffickers may start a relationship with you by acting like your boyfriend or girlfriend. They may act like they are "taking care" of you, do nice things for you, give you special attention and/ or buy you gifts that make you trust them before they start to traffic you. This is called "grooming." Then they may start asking you to do things for them (like have sex with people or work for them with no pay) and these requests may turn into threats, force or manipulation where you feel like you have to do what they want you to do. You may feel like you have no choice. All of this may make it harder for you to seek help because even though you know what they are doing is wrong; you may love or feel a sense of loyalty for the trafficker. It may be hard, but if you are being trafficked, it is important that you seek help and safety. You can do this by discussing your situation with a trusted adult, and/or calling the resources listed under the section titled "Who Do I Call or Contact to Get Help?"



Traffickers look for victims in places that youth

- foster homes/group homes;
- runaway/ homeless shelters;
- outside of schools;
- outside of youth programs;
- bus stations and truck stops; halfway houses;
- restaurants, bars, and exotic dance clubs;
- shopping malls; or
- parks and playgrounds.

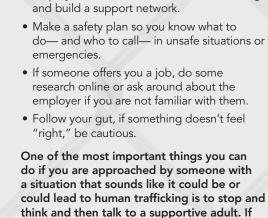
Traffickers also sometimes use newspaper ads and social media to recruit victims.

to be confirmed or certified as a human trafficking victim. Under the Anti-Trafficking Law, victims can be referred to the Office of Temporary and Disability Assistance (OTDA) and the Division of Criminal Justice Services (DCJS) to see if their circumstance qualifies for official status as a victim based on the definition in the law. If you are confirmed or certified as a victim of human trafficking, you may be eligible for the following services: safety/protection; foster care/shelter; legal services; medical care; mental health counseling; and other forms of victim assistance.

See more about this topic at

www.YouthInProgress.org

Even if you don't meet the definition of human trafficking in the law, there are other ways you may receive services and there are other laws to protect you. The Safe Harbour Act recognizes that children who are charged with prostitution are actually victims of commercial sexual exploitation. Instead of being charged criminally, victims can be treated through family court as a Person in Need of Supervision (PINS). Safe Harbour also provides for many of the services previously listed and, in addition, establishes safe houses for youth victims.



What Can I Do to Avoid

trafficking and the warning signs.

• Educate yourself on the dangers of human

• Don't go to unfamiliar places without people

• Develop your transition plan to help you find

employment, secure safe and stable housing,

Becoming a Victim of

**Human Trafficking?** 

you know.

## Who Do I Call or Contact to Get Help?

be expected of you in return.

If you or someone you know is a victim of human trafficking, you should contact an adult you trust, such as, your caseworker, a teacher, the police, your counselor/therapist, or a staff person.

someone offers you a place to stay or to take

care of you in return for some "favors," be

cautious and ask questions about what will

If there is immediate danger, call 9-1-1.

If the victim is a minor (under 18 years of age) you, your parent/guardian, or caseworker should also call the Statewide Central Register of Child Abuse and Maltreatment (SCR) at 1-800-342-3720 (TDD/TTY: 1-800-638-5163). The SCR will make a determination if an official Child Abuse/Maltreatment report can be filed and an investigation can be initiated.

If you are uncertain if you or someone you know has been a victim of human trafficking, or if you need additional services, support, referrals, or have questions about human trafficking, you can call the free and confidential National Human Trafficking Resource Center (NHTRC). See resources below.

**National Human Trafficking Resource Center** (NHRTC) Hotline 1-888-373-7888 or text INFO or HELP to 233733 (BeFree) www.traffickingresourcecenter.org or email them at nhtrc@polarisproject.org

NYS Office of Children and Family Services http://ocfs.ny.gov/main/humantraffic/ \*Check back for ongoing updates to the website

